

U.S. Micro-Solutions, Inc. \* 302 Unity Plaza \* Latrobe, PA 15650 Phone: (724) 853-4047 Fax: (724) 853-4049 A2LA # 7000.01 www.usmslab.com

**Customer Name: Customer Address:**  U.S. Micro Solutions, Inc.

302 Unity Plaza

Latrobe, PA 15650

Sample Date: **Date Received: Date of Report:**  March 31, 2023

April 4, 2023 April 10, 2023

**Customer Phone:** 

(724) 853-4047

Fax: Attention:

John Smith

PO Number:

Project Name/Number:

**Bacterial Culture Sample Report** 

Customer sample numbers below are uniquely identified by prefixing Laboratory # 12345-23

Culturable Bioaerosol Samples (Bacteria) - Analytical Method MIC 03, MIC 04, MIC 18

Raw Sample Number Media Sample Description **Results of Microbial Analysis** CTs

TSA Office CFU/m3 of air **B7 Total Bacterial Count** 71 Micrococcus/Kocuria spp. 2

Coagulase-negative Staphylococcus spp. Coryneform bacillus

Total Raw Count: Total Volume:

84

liters of air

Analytical Sensitivity: CFU/m3 of air 12

**B8 TSA** Fitness/Gym **Total Bacterial Count** 24 CFU/m3 of air

Coryneform bacillus

2

6

**Total Raw Count:** 

Total Volume:

84 liters of air

Analytical Sensitivity:

CFU/m3 of air 12

**B9** TSA Outside **Total Bacterial Count** 107 CFU/m3 of air

Coryneform bacillus

Micrococcus/Kocuria spp. 2 Coagulase-negative Staphylococcus spp.

**Total Raw Count:** 9

Total Volume: 84 liters of air Analytical Sensitivity: 12 CFU/m3 of air

CFU/mL = colony forming units per milliliter

Samples are in good condition unless otherwise noted. Results relate only to the samples tested as received. Results are reported as calculated. For biological data, the first and/or second digit should be considered significant. Individual counts may not equal total count due to rounding. Organisms are listed in order of predominance.

When providing duplicates of this report, the document should be provided in total and not in section. Any unauthorized or improper disclosure, copying, distribution, use, or falsification of these results is prohibited. USMS shall have no liability to the Customer or the Customer's customer for opinions stated, recommendations made, actions taken, or conduct implemented based on the test results reported.

Technical Manager:

Deanna L Kiska

Deanna L. Kiska, Ph.D.

Micrococcus/Kocuria spp. - Micrococcus and Kocuria species are gram-positive, spherical bacteria which are widespread in nature and commonly found, along with coagulase-negative Staphylococcus spp., as normal flora on the skin of humans and mammals. They are carried on the skin of most (~96%) people, with M. luteus being the predominant species. Animal and dairy products are considered secondary sources. While these organisms are generally non-pathogenic, they may act as opportunistic pathogens.

Coagulase-negative Staphylococcus spp.- Coagulase-negative staphylococci (CoNS) are gram-positive, spherical bacteria. The major habitats of CoNS are the skin and mucous membranes of mammals and birds. In humans, S. epidermidis is the most frequently isolated staphylococcal species colonizing the body surface. A few of the CoNS are important human pathogens and include S. epidermidis, S. haemolyticus, S. lugdunensis, and S. saprophyticus. CoNS have been increasingly recognized as health-care associated pathogens, particularly in patients with indwelling medical devices.

Coryneform bacillus - Coryneform bacilli are gram-positive, irregular, rod-shaped bacteria. Many species are part of the normal flora of the skin and mucous membranes in human and mammals. Other coryneform bacilli have been found in the inanimate environment, e.g. dairy products, plants, soil, and activated sludge. Coryneforms are a large group and include genera such as Corynebacterium, Dermabacter, Brevibacterium, Microbacterium, and Cellulomonas. Some species are opportunistic human pathogens.